

**ENTERED**

June 07, 2018

David J. Bradley, Clerk

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
GALVESTON DIVISION

SAMUEL MITCHELL,  
TDCJ # 02043205,

Plaintiff,

VS.

LORIE DAVIS, *et al*,

Defendants.

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CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:17-CV-0122

**ORDER**

Plaintiff Samuel Mitchell is presently incarcerated in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice–Correctional Institutions Division (“TDCJ”) at the Powledge Unit. The plaintiff has filed a complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, alleging violations of his civil rights. Mitchell has filed an application for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* (Dkt. 11). Because Mitchell is incarcerated, this case is governed by the Prison Litigation Reform Act (the “PLRA”), which requires impecunious prisoners to pay an initial partial filing fee. The PLRA also requires prisoners to pay thereafter the balance of the full filing fee of \$350.

Based on the certified inmate trust account statement (Dkt. 14) supplied by the plaintiff, the Court **ORDERS** as follows:

1. The application for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* (Dkt. 11) is **GRANTED**.

2. The plaintiff is assessed an initial partial filing fee of \$23.00. The agency having custody of the plaintiff shall collect this amount from the plaintiff’s inmate trust

fund account or institutional equivalent, when funds are available, and forward it to the Clerk.

3. Thereafter, the plaintiff shall pay \$327.00, the balance of the filing fee, in periodic installments as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b). The agency shall collect this amount from the plaintiff's trust account, when funds are available, and forward it to the Clerk.

4. The plaintiff is responsible for signing all consents and other documents required by the agency having custody of plaintiff to authorize the necessary withdrawal from the plaintiff's inmate trust account.

5. Failure to pay the initial partial filing fee or to show that the plaintiff has insufficient assets or means by which to pay the initial partial filing fee within 30 days may result in a dismissal of the plaintiff's complaint without further notice.

6. Service of process will be withheld pending judicial screening pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A.

7. No amendments or supplements to the complaint will be filed without prior Court approval. A complete amended complaint will be attached to any motion to amend. Any pleadings or other papers filed in violation of these directives, including any pleadings or other papers which contain any new claims or any new factual allegations not already explicitly raised in: (1) the original complaint, (2) any court approved amendments or supplements to the original complaint, or (3) in response to an Order for More Definite Statement, shall automatically be STRICKEN from the record without further notice and will be of no force or effect in this lawsuit. Any pleadings or other

papers filed in violation of these directives in this paragraph may also subject the plaintiff to other sanctions, including the dismissal of this suit for failure to comply with court orders, if appropriate.

8. All discovery in this case is stayed until the Court enters an order to answer.

9. No motions for appointment of counsel shall be considered until the Court has completed its screening pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A, which may or may not include a hearing under *Spears v. McCotter*, 766 F.2d 179 (5th Cir. 1985).

10. The plaintiff must notify the court of any change of address by filing a written notice of change of address with the Clerk. Failure to file such notice may result in this case being dismissed for want of prosecution.

#### **NOTICE TO THE PLAINTIFF**

A. Although you have been granted permission to proceed as a pauper, you must pay the full filing fee when funds are available under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b). If you do not wish to pay the full filing fee you must notify the court in writing, by letter or motion, advising that you do not wish to prosecute this civil action. Your notice must be received by the Court within 30 days of the date of this order.

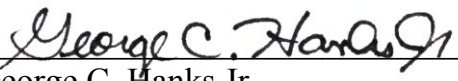
B. Payment of all or any part of the full filing fee will not prevent dismissal of the complaint if it is frivolous, malicious, fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. If the case is dismissed on any of those grounds before payment of the entire filing fee, the plaintiff must still pay the entire filing fee. When a prisoner has had three or more prior

actions or appeals dismissed for being frivolous, malicious, or failing to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, federal law prohibits the prisoner from bringing any more actions or appeals *in forma pauperis* unless the plaintiff is in imminent danger of serious physical injury. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

C. State law requires the forfeiture of good conduct time credits as a sanction for any state or federal lawsuit brought by an inmate while in the custody of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, or confined in county jail awaiting transfer to TDCJ, that is dismissed as frivolous or malicious. *See* TEX. GOV'T CODE ANN. § 498.0045. This sanction extends to frivolous proceedings arising from an application for writ of habeas corpus if brought for the purpose of abusing judicial resources. *See id.* § 498.0045(a).

**The Clerk will send a copy of this order to the parties and will also provide a copy of this order to (1) the TDCJ - Office of the General Counsel, Capitol Station, P.O. Box 13084, Austin, Texas, 78711, Fax: 512-936-2159; and (2) the Inmate Trust Fund, P.O. Box 629, Huntsville, Texas 77342-0629, Fax: 936-437-4793.**

SIGNED at Galveston, Texas, this 7th day of June, 2018.

  
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George C. Hanks Jr.  
United States District Judge